



## Supplementary notes

*Following $1 \mathrm{X}-1 \mathrm{Y}-2 \mathrm{~N}$, or $1 \mathrm{X}-2 \mathrm{Y}-2 \mathrm{~N}$, 3C is NATURAL, not checkback.
*Following 1N overcall (15-17) or protective (11-14), we play SYSTEM ON - ie Stayman and 4 suit transfers.
*Following 2N response to suit opening (strong and fit), opener splinters at the 3 level, shows A/K controls at the 4 level. 3 level rebid is waiting; 4 level rebid is very weak.
*Following the opponents' X or OVERCALL, jump bid in a new suit by responder promises FIT.
*FSF is GF at the 3 level, but only a one round force if made at the 2 level. Partner may pass any minimum rebids. Raise of fourth suit is ' 5 th suit' seeking further description.
*Opener's rebid is a SPLINTER whenever a lower level bid in the same suit would itself promise extras - eg 1C-1H-3D. Otherwise jump rebids are natural - eg 1D-1S-3C.
*Italian cue bidding style: bid FIRST control. Co-operating with partner in cue bidding below game doesn't promise extras. By-passing a suit denies $1^{\text {st }}$ or $2^{\text {nd }}$ round control.
*Other than in competitive auctions, 4 of a minor is GF and invites cue bidding. Only exception is $1 \mathrm{x}-4 \mathrm{x}$, which is pre-emptive.
*Following minor suit agreement at the 4 level, an immediate 4 N by partner says he has no more to offer. We have to cue bid first in order for 4 N to be treated as RKCB.
*Following 1NT and 2NT openings, 4C/D is start of a Baron sequence, showing slam interest. Jumps to $4 \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{S}$ following partner's NT opening are natural - to play.
*4 suit transfers over 1N. COMPLETE transfer to minor with a good holding; ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ suit shown by responder is then bidding out shape.
*Major suit transfer breaks following 1NT: jump shows 4 card support and lower range; 2N shows $3+$ cards and upper range (to be followed by re-transfer).
*Following opponents X of our 1 N opening, XX shows $5+$ card suit or $4 / 4 / 4 / 1$ with singleton club; immediate suit bids show two places to play.
*Following our 2N opening or overcall: 5 card Puppet Stayman (3D response shows 4 card major); 3D/H: transfers; 3S: $5 \mathrm{~S} / 4 \mathrm{H} ; 4 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{D}$ : Baron.
*Following our 3N overcall: Baron 4C; 4D/H transfers; 4S shows a minor with NO slam interest; 4N/5C/5D: limit, inviting slam.
*Ghestem - wide range. 2 N : lower 2 suits; 2 Cue: extremes; 3 C : upper 2 . Treat prepared club opening as natural for Ghestem purposes. Ghestem still applies when bid in $4^{\text {th }}$ seat.
*In competitive auctions, 2 N is generally 'good/bad' relay to 3 C (constructive in partner’s suit or weak in your own).
*Following our X of the opponents' 1 N opening, and their attempted escape, next X is t/o. ALL PASSES ARE FORCING. Subsequent Xs are pen.
*PENALTY DOUBLES apply in the following situations:
following our XX;
following our FSF;
following any of our weak 2 or 3 level openings;
following our t/o X when they bid one of our suit presumed suits;
following an inverted minor suit raise;
after either member of our partnership has made a natural NT bid in any auction (except when they have achieved low level suit agreement).
*LEBENSOHL 'FAST' (fast arrival shows stop). This applies even following partner's t/o X of their Weak 2 opening: go via 2 N with no stop, and cue with 4 cards in the other major.
*Lebensohl relay in the following situations:
following opponents' intervention over our 1NT opening;
following our t/o X of their Weak 2;
following partner's 1NT overcall and further bid by RHO;
in $4^{\text {th }}$ seat in defence to the Multi, after partner has doubled in $2^{\text {nd }}$;
following partner's suit overcall and then a further bid by RHO;
following the opponents' 2 level overcall of our suit opening. [So $1 \mathrm{X}(1 \mathrm{Y}) 2 \mathrm{NT}$ is natural; but $1 \mathrm{X}(2 \mathrm{Y}) 2 \mathrm{NT}$ is 'good/bad' relay.]

